Evaluating the Impact of Autonomous Driving Technologies on Claims Frequency, Claims Severity and Claims Management

Presentation from Thatcham UK





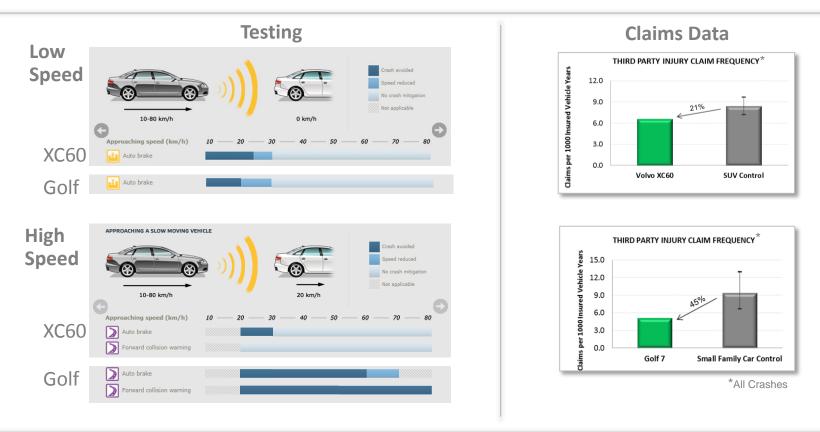
AEB: Should It Be Mandatory...?

- Euro NCAP see a 38% overall reduction in realworld, rear-end crashes for vehicles fitted with low speed AEB compared to a sample of equivalent vehicles with no AEB
- Thatcham Research now a world leading reference in AEB and ADAS system functionality and effectiveness





AEB Testing & Insurer Effect





Euro NCAP

Nissan Qashqai

1.5dCi Acenta, LHD

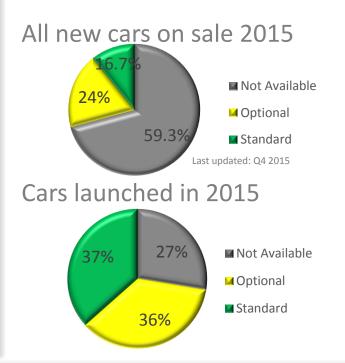
Renault Megane 1.5dCi 'Life', LHD

Fitment

Rating requires active safety

		Adult	Child	Pedestrian	Safety Assist	Overall
	Total Score	88%	83%	69%	79%	82%
	$\frac{1}{2}$	80%	75%	60%	65%	75%
	$\star \star \star \star$	70%	60%	50%	55%	65%
	$\star\star\star\star$	50%	30%	40%	30%	50%
	\bigstar	30%	25%	20%	20%	40%
	\bigstar	20%	15%	10%	10%	30%
	2-5	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Total Score	83%	78%	60%	48%	73%
	${2}$	80%	75%	60%	65%	75%
	$\star \star \star \star$	70%	60%	50%	55%	65%
	***	50%	30%	40%	30%	50%
	$\star\star$	30%	The Sefe	ty Accist	20%	40%
	\bigstar	20%		ty Assist nits the	10%	30%
	2-5	0%	overall	rating	0%	0%

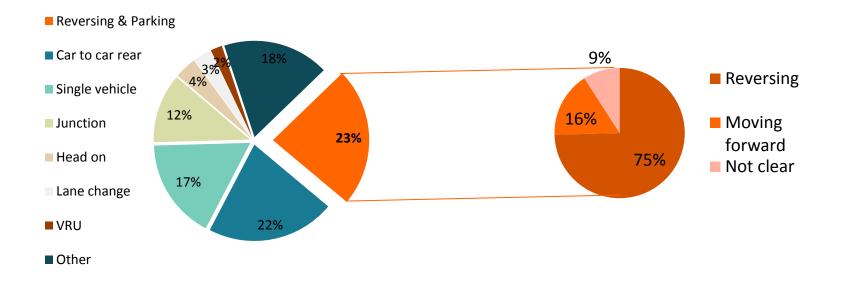
Influencing standard fitment





Vehicle Evolution – Parking Collisions

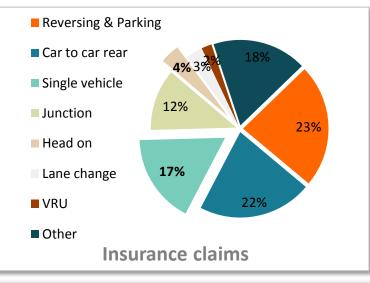
- In the UK, 23% (725 out of 3,107 cases) of claims related to parking collisions
- 71% of parking collisions (516 out of 725 cases) occurred during reversing





Vehicle Evolution – Automated Steering

- LDW/LKA systems widespread in the market
- 20% of KSI relate to single vehicle crashes
- Sophisticated Lane Guidance Systems now available
- Run off road and across lane capabilities

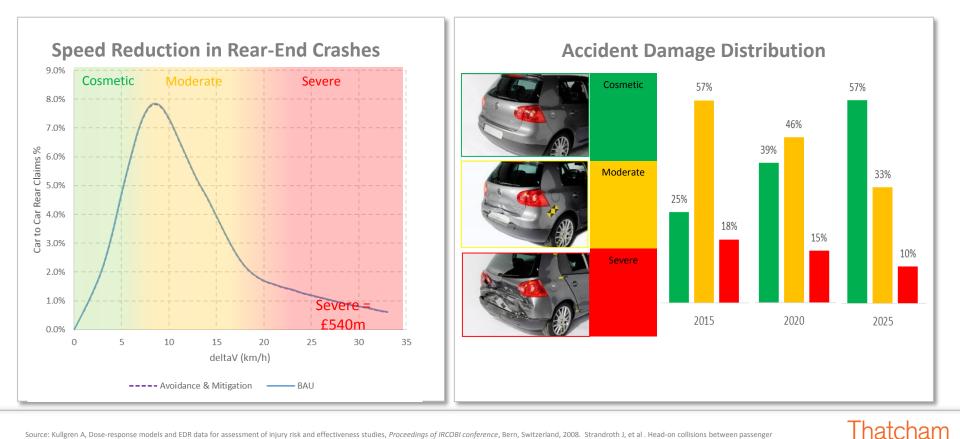








Ten Year Prediction of Crash Severity

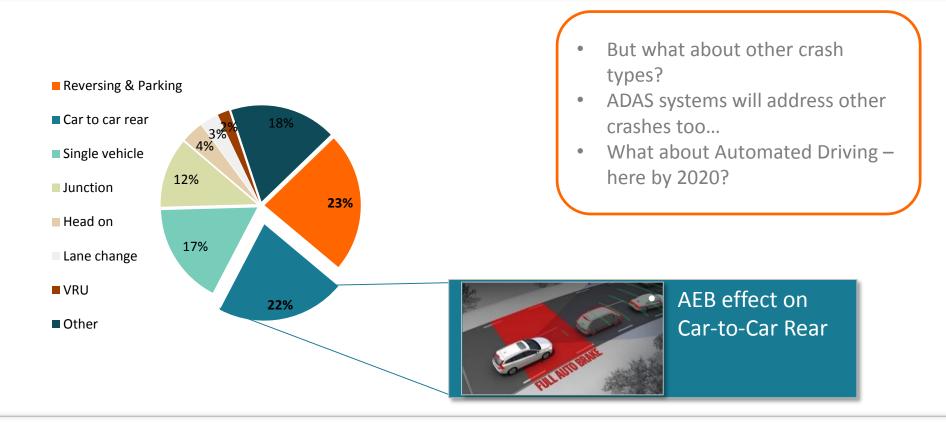


Research

Source: Kullgren A, Dose-response models and EDR data for assessment of injury risk and effectiveness studies, Proceedings of IRCOBI conference, Bern, Switzerland, 2008. Strandroth J, et al . Head-on collisions between passenger cars and heavy goods vehicles: Injury risk functions and benefits of Autonomous Emergency Braking , Proceedings of IRCOBI conference, 2012.

Delta V = change of energy in a crash (not approach speed). Simple e.g. car travelling at 30km/h hits a stationary car; delta V is approx. 15km/h; complex calculation allows for many factors including vehicle stiffness, rebound etc.

Addressing Crash Types: What Next?

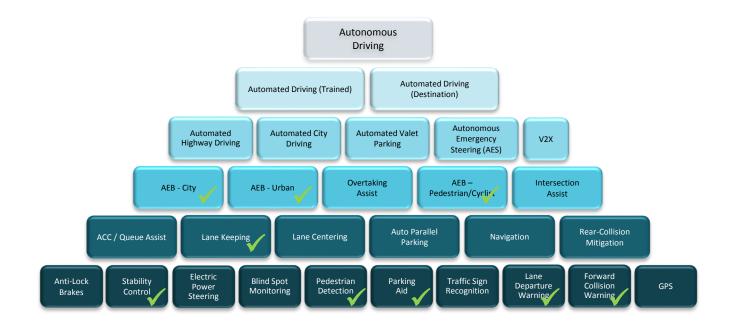




Damage claim distribution from Insurer member data

ADAS Building Blocks

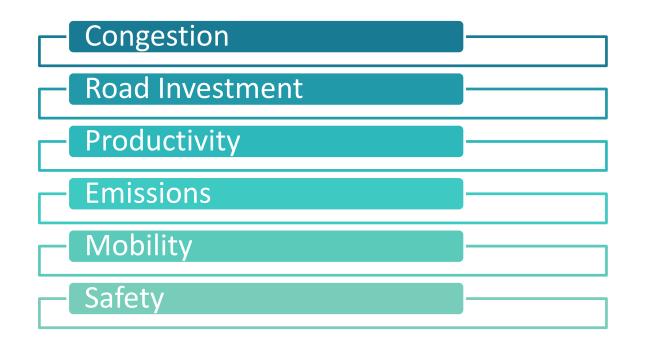
Thatcham Influence on Testing Procedures – towards Automated Driving





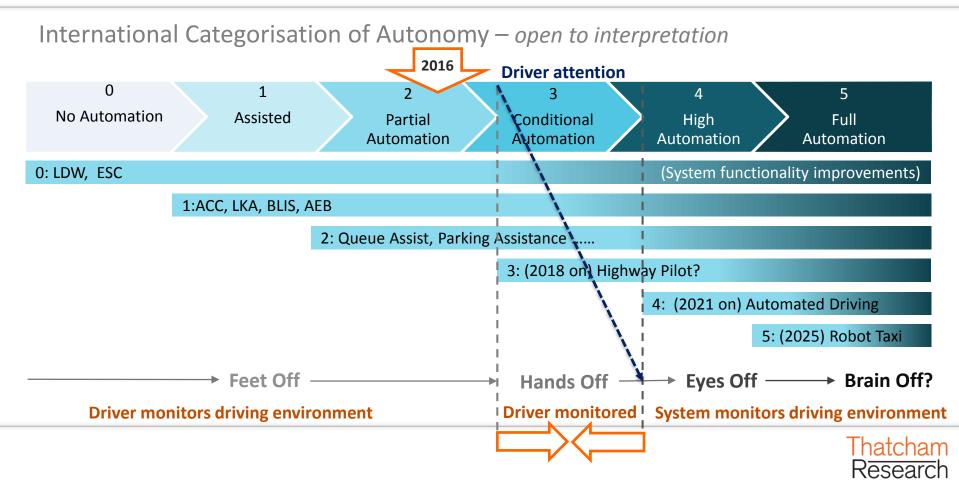
Why Automated Driving

Societal Advantages of Automated Driving





The Autonomous Car Timeline



Regulatory Procedures – Steering (R79) - Today

	Advanced Driver Assis (AD	ASS)	Autonomous Steering
	Corrective Steering (CSF)	Automatically Commanded Steering (ACSF)	
•	Driver in primary control	• Driver in primary control	Driver not necessarily in primary control
•	Discontinuous control, for a limited duration	Continuous control	X
•	Changes to the steering angle To maintain the desired path of the vehicle or to influence the vehicle's dynamic behaviour.	 Actuation of the steering system To assist the driver in following a particular path, in low speed manoeuvring or parking operations 	 Control system that causes the vehicle to follow a defined path or to aner its rath
•	Signals initiate on-board the vehicle	Signals initiated on-board the vehicle	Signals initiated and transmitted from off-board the vehicle
		130	Annex 6 Thatcham Research

Regulatory Procedures – R79 (the 2018 Challenge)

ACSF Category (replacing SAE 0-6)

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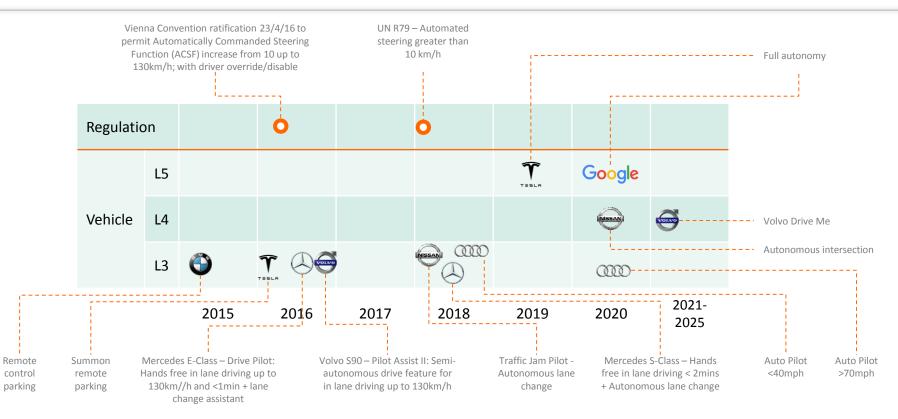
Lane change [System indicates possibility of a lane change, driver confirms]

Lane change [Lane changes are performed automatically by the system]





Vehicle Timeline





Process

- R79 will enable "official" Automated Driving up to 81 mph Spring 2018
- Only divided highways motorways
- R79 proposed as a level 2 "driver support system" only
- Liability remains with the driver
- Driver will be monitored (somehow)
- Driver will be required to periodically "sign in" maybe only every 15 mins



Reg 79 Timeline

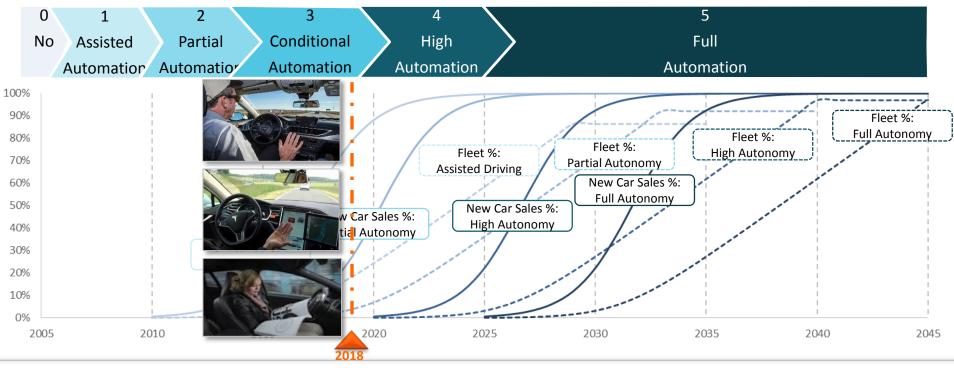
Risks

- Drivers will be unclear what an "auto pilot" is do I do anything?
- Are they in-the-loop or not?
- If the driver only has to monitor system functionality why buy the system
- Drivers today use their capacity in the driving process the easier the driving task the more they will become distracted mobile phones? and the longer to return into the loop
- Drivers will explore the capacity of the system to the limit
- Systems will still only have 3-5 seconds of vision not enough to get back into the loop and react
- Additional crash risks may emerge as drivers adapt
- HOWEVER overall systems will be beneficial crash rates reduce *super AEB*



The Autonomous Car

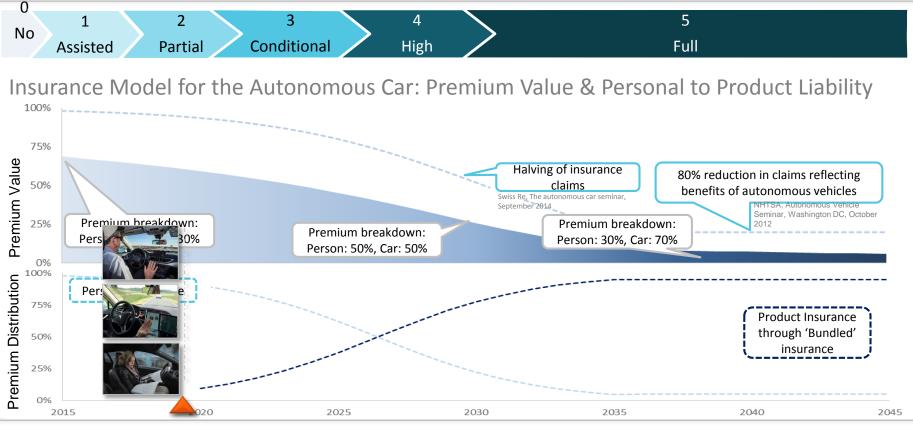
Levels of Autonomy – When will it happen?





The Autonomous Car

Insurance Model Risks for the Autonomous Car: Premium Value & Personal to Product Liability





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